# Dairy Australia

# Healthy weight

## Good health and nutrition

For many of us, life catches up. As our lives become busier, regular physical activity and healthy eating can take a back seat. Sometimes, we put our health on hold. All of a sudden we realise we've put on a few extra kilos, or more. Clothes are tight, and we can't keep up with the kids.

Right now, about two thirds of Australian adults are overweight or obese. This means two thirds of us are at increased risk of chronic diseases like heart disease, type 2 diabetes and some cancers. It's not too late to do something about it though.

There are many reasons to choose a healthy diet and start getting enough physical activity now. It will help you sleep better, give you more energy, reduce the risk of depression and can help prevent conditions such as heart disease and type 2 diabetes. So start today and wake up feeling better tomorrow.

## Weight - a balancing act

Maintaining a healthy weight means balancing the energy we put in (through food) with the energy we burn. If we don't use up the energy we eat or drink each day, over time our weight will increase. Diet and physical activity are central to the energy balance equation.

## How healthy is your weight?

A simple way to work out if your weight falls into the healthy weight range for your height is to calculate your Body Mass Index (BMI).

BMI = Weight (kg) Height(m) x Height(m)

## AUSSIE DAIRY MATTERS

The following BMI classifications are intended for adults aged 18 and over:

BMI	Classification
Less than 18.5	Underweight
18.5 to 24.9	Healthy weight range
25 to 29.9	Overweight
Over 30	Obese

Note:  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{BMI}}$  may overestimate weight classification in people with very muscular builds.

Carrying excess weight around your waist poses a greater risk to your health than around the hips and thighs. The following guide is recommended by the National Health and Medical Research Council. You can use it to work out if you are carrying too much weight around your waist.

	Waist circumference		
	Men	Women	
Increased health risk	Greater than 94cm	Greater than 80cm	

Note: Values are specific to Caucasian men and Caucasian and Asian women.

BMI charts for children and ethnic-specific values for waist circumference are available. Consult a health professional such as a General Practitioner or an Accredited Practising Dietitian (APD) for further information.

## Get your body moving

Getting exercise can be as simple as looking for ways to weave some moderate activity into your day. Walking, cycling and a game of cricket in the backyard with the kids all count. The National Physical Activity Guidelines recommend Australians get at least 30 minutes of moderate-intensity exercise most, preferably all, days. Examples of moderate-intensity exercise include brisk walking or digging in the garden. If you are unsure, talk to your doctor about what kind of physical activity plan is best for you.

For further information on any of our resources, visit dairy.com.au/health.

## **Healthy eating**

Choosing foods from the five food groups in the recommended proportions is a key strategy in maintaining a healthy weight. Doing this will help you obtain the right amounts of nutrients you need without consuming excess kilojoules. Here are some tips to get you started:

- Follow the Australian Dietary Guidelines eatforhealth.gov.au.
- Eat more fruit and vegetables. Fill your plate with a variety of types and colours of vegetables and salad. These foods have few kilojoules and help keep you feeling fuller for longer. Eat two serves of fruit a day.
- Limit intake of fried potatoes, cakes and muffins, chocolate, crisps, meat pies, alcoholic drinks, soft drinks and energy drinks.
- Reduce portion size of meals.
- Rethink sugary drinks. Too many sugary drinks can lead to unwanted weight gain and tooth decay. Water and milk are good drinks to choose from.
- Plan meals and snacks. This will assist with shopping and preparing meals.
- Eat mindfully. Turn off the television, slow down, enjoy your food and listen to your hunger and satiety cues.
- Limit alcohol intake. If you chose to drink alcohol, keep to no more than two standard drinks on any day.

# Maintaining a healthy weight includes dairy foods

Milk, cheese and yoghurt are found in one of the five food groups that make up a healthy diet. Contrary to popular belief, enjoying dairy foods is not linked to weight gain. In fact, research shows having three to four daily serves of milk, cheese and yoghurt can aid weight loss.

Unfortunately, most Australians are missing out on the health benefits of dairy as they don't include enough in their diet. An estimated eight out of 10 Australian adults need to increase their daily dairy intake to achieve recommendations.

#### What the experts say

Studies show that including three to four serves of dairy foods within a kilojoule-controlled diet can help accelerate loss of weight and body fat, improve muscle retention and reduce waistlines.

## Minimum recommended number of serves from the dairy food group

	Age (years)	No. of serves per day
Men	19–70	2 1/2
	70+	3 1/2
Women	19–50	2 1/2
	50+	4
	Pregnant or breast feeding	2 1/2
Boys	2-3	11/2
	4-8	2
	9–11	2 1/2
	12-18	3 1/2
Girls	2-3	11/2
	4-8	11/2
	9–11	3
	12-18	3 1/2

Adapted from: 2013 Australian Dietary Guidelines. The dairy food group includes milk, cheese, yoghurt and/or alternatives.\*



\*Alternatives include: 250ml soy, rice or other cereal drink with at least 100mg of added calcium per 100ml.

Dairy foods are a natural source of 10 essential nutrients including calcium, potassium, phosphorous, magnesium, carbohydrate, protein, vitamin A, riboflavin, vitamin B12 and zinc.

For recipes and ideas on how to include adequate serves of dairy foods in your healthy eating plan visit **dairy.com.au/health**.

#### For further information

For further information on weight management, consult a health professional such as your General Practitioner or an Accredited Practising Dietitian (APD).

#### Disclaimer

Acknowledgement

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